

Could I Be Illogical ?

(Cibi Guide)

For Non- Native Speakers



Written

By:

Ahmed Sardi

Mujahidah

Could I be Illogical? (Cibi Guide)

For Non- Native Speakers

Penulis:

Ahmed Sardi
Mujahidah

Editor:

Irana

Edisi Pertama, Cetaka Ke-1

Hak cipta dilindungi Undang-undang tidak
diperkenankan memperbanyak penerbitan ini dalam
bentuk apapun tanpa izin penyusun

Kata Sambutan

Pemakaian kata yang tepat dalam Bahasa Inggris untuk ditetapkan dalam praktek bercakap-cakap merupakan permasalahan umum yang dihadapi oleh mereka yang sedang berada dalam tahap pengembangan keterampilan berbicara dalam Bahasa Inggris. Dikarenakan bukan hanya karena tata Bahasa yang berbeda dengan Bahasa Indonesia, tetapi juga karena adanya kompleksitas pemilihan kata yang tepat yang mencakup arti kata yang mirip bahkan sama, akan tetapi memiliki perbedaan pemakaian berdasarkan kelas kata itu sendiri, ataupun budaya dan Bahasa keseharian yang lebih sering dipakai di negeri aslinya.

Oleh karena itu, adalah sebuah kewajiban bagi mereka yang sedang dalam tahap pengembangan untuk mengetahui dan menerapkan kata-kata yang tepat dan penyusunan kalimat yang tepat dalam praktek pembelajaran untuk berbicara dalam Bahasa Inggris, sehingga kesalahan-kesalahan numerum yang sering terjadi karena minimnya pengetahuan tentang penggunaan kata yang tepat dan penyusunan kalimat yang benar dalam praktek berbicara dalam Bahasa Inggris bias diminimalisir agar kualitas berkomunikasi dalam Bahasa Inggris bias lebih meningkat karena sesuai dengan standar, dan tidak terkesan asal terjemah atau pun berbahasa Inggris dengan rasa lokal.

Dengan tawakal kepada Allah swt berbekal kemampuan dan ilmu yang kami peroleh dari bangku sekolah dan juga referensi dari sumber yang terpercaya kami menyusun buku “Could I Be Illogical (Cibi Guide)” untuk memudahkan para pembaca dan mengenali dan mengetahui kesalahan-kesalahan yang dilakukan dalam berbicara bahasa Inggris.

Kata Pengantar

Segala puji bagi engkau ya Allah, yang telah memberikan rahmat, taufik dan hidayah Mu kepada kami, berupa nikmat yang tiada henti-hentinya engkau curahkan kepada kami. Meskipun seluruh lautan menjadi tinta, juga takkan cukup untuk menulis begitu banyak nikmat yang engkau berikan kepada kami. Dengan petunjuk dan pertolongan mu ya Allah kami dapat menyelesaikan penyusunan buku ini. Alhamdulilah ala bil hal (Segala puji bagi Allah atas segala sesuatu).

Shalawat dan taslim semoga selalu tercurah kepada kekasihmu Muhammad saw beserta keluarga dan sahabat beliau. Yang telah membimbing kami dari alam penuh kehinaan menuju alam yang penuh petunjuk dan kemulian. “Allahumma sollia ala sayyidina muhammad wa ala alahi wa ashabihi ajmain”.

Parepare, 17 Juli 2020

PENULIS

Table of Content

<i>Kata Sambutan</i>	<i>iii</i>
<i>Kata Pengantar.....</i>	<i>iv</i>
<i>Table of Content.....</i>	<i>v</i>
BAB 1	1
Faktor penghambat	1
A. Kebiasaan-kebiasaan Penghambat.....	2
1. Salah pengucapan.....	2
2. Penggunaan Actually.....	3
3. Penggunaan Exactly	3
4. Penggunaan kata Pengulangan.....	4
5. Pengisian jeda berbicara.....	4
6. Penerjemahan Langsung.	5
7. Memanjangkan pengucapan suku kata tertentu	5
BAB 2	6
Kesalahan-kesalahan umum	6
A. Kesalahan dalam penggunaan kalimat	7
A	6
B	12
C	21
D	25
G	29
H	31
I	35

J	38
K	42
L	47
M	53
N	58
O	60
P	62
S	66
T	74
U	78
B. Kesalahan dalam penggunaan kata	81
1. Boring/ bored.....	81
2. Like.....	81
3. Annoying/ Annoyed	82
4. Take care/ be careful	82
5. Wake up/Get up.....	83
BAB 3	84
Correct yourself.....	84
BAB 4	116
PLENTY TO SAY.....	116
DAFTAR PUSTAKA.....	130

BAB 1

Faktor penghambat



“If you want to change different, start from your self”

“jika kamu menginginkan perubahan yang berbeda, mulailah dari dirimu sendiri”

A. Kebiasaan-kebiasaan Penghambat

1. Salah pengucapan.

Berbicara tentang masalah salah pengucapan dalam Bahasa Inggris, besar sekali kemungkinan adanya salah pengucapan vocabulary yang tidak sesuai dengan phonetic symbol dalam kamus. Namun disini hanya akan dibahas sebatas kata-kata yang mengandung huruf yang seharusnya tidak dibaca atau lebih sering dikenal ‘silent letter’.

- a. Huruf ‘gh’ tidak disuarakan pada kata-kata berikut:
High, sigh, thigh, night, fight,
bought, fought, right, height, light,
straight, although, daughter.
- b. Huruf ‘k’ tidak disuarakan dalam kata-kata berikut:
Know, knife, knee, knuckle, knock,
knot, knowledge.
- c. Huruf ‘w’ tidak disuarakan dalam kata-kata berikut:
Write, wrestle, wrong, write, hawk, law, who, whole.
- d. Huruf ‘l’ tidak disuarakan dalam kata-kata berikut:
Talk, walk, stalk, chalk, could,
would, should, half.
- e. Huruf ‘h’ tidak disuarakan dalam kata-kata berikut:
Honest, honor.
- f. Huruf ‘b’ tidak disuarakan dalam kata-kata berikut:
Doubt, debt.
- g. Huruf ‘p’ tidak disuarakan dalam kata-kata berikut:
Psychology, pneumonia.
- h. Huruf ‘ph’ berubah menjadi suara ‘f’ dalam kata-kata berikut:
Physics, pheromon, peripheral.
- i. Huruf ‘gh’ berubah menjadi suara ‘f’ dalam kata-kata berikut:

- Enough, laugh, tough, rough.
- j. Huruf ‘t’ tidak diucapkan dalam kata-kata berikut:
Listen, castle, wrestle.

2. Penggunaan Actually.

Actually berarti sebenarnya, kenyataanya. Yang paling umum adalah dari cara pengucapannya yang diucapkan mirip dengan pengucapan sebenarnya. Seharusnya pengucapan adalah ACT-tua-llly, dengan di ACT, tapi lebih sering diucapkan dengan act-tu-ALLY, dengan penekanan suara pada All yang mengakibatkan masih terasa kentalnya aksen local khususnya aksen jawa.

3. Penggunaan Exactly

Exactly bermakna tepat atau dengan tepat, atau tepat sekali’. Tapi sering menjadi rancu dengan makna ‘sebenarnya, atau pastinya’.

Contoh 1:

- A: Where do you come from?
B: Jakarta
A: Exactly? (salah) seharusnya “Which part of Jakarta?”

Contoh 2:

- A: When will you go home?
B: Next week.
A: Exactly? (salah) seharusnya “When is it exactly?”

Contoh 3:

Exactly, I don't want to talk to you. (salah) maknanya dikacaukan dengan actually.

4. Penggunaan kata Pengulangan.

Dalam Bahasa Indonesia sering terjadi pengulangan kata ketika emosi terlibat, biasanya ketika seseorang merasa semangat akan sesuatu.

Contoh:

- masuk, masuk, masuk, masuk'

Tidak bias diterjemahkan 'get in, get in, get in' atau bahkan 'enter, enter, enter'

- gimana, gimana?'

Tidak bias diterjemahkan 'how, how?"

- 'Dengar, dengar'

Tidak bias diterjemahkan 'listen, listen'

Akan tetapi khusus untuk pengucapan 'no, no, no, no' dan 'wait, wait, wait' juga sering terjadi.

5. Pengisian jeda berbicara

Hal ini sangat sering terjadi pada pembicara yang belum lancar dan sering mengalami jeda atau diam sesaat karena memikirkan apa yang harus dikatakan selanjutnya atau sedang mencoba 'mengakses' bank atau vocabulary. Hindari mengucapkan 'what' atau 'what ya' ketika mengisi masa jeda, anda bias katakan 'errr...how should I say it' kemudian lanjutkan mengungkapkan ide selanjutnya.

6. Penerjemahan Langsung.

Setiap pembelajaran awal sepertinya mengalami fase ini dalam tahap belajar berbicara Bahasa Inggris, oleh karena itu perlu diketahui bahwa Bahasa Inggris tidak sama dengan Bahasa Indonesia, baik dari segi tata Bahasa, budaya, maupun penggunaan katanya.

Penerjemahan langsung dan pemakaian kata yang lebih tepat dapat dilihat lebih jelas pada bab2.

7. Memanjangkan pengucapan suku kata tertentu

Ada kecenderungan dalam Bahasa Indonesia atau beberapa Bahasa local dalam Bahasa Jawa khususnya untuk memanjangkan suara satu suku kata dalam sebuah kata untuk memberikan kesan ‘sangat’.

Kita sering sekali mendengar pola pengucapan “panjaaaaang banget” untuk memberikan kesan benar-benar Panjang atau “bukunya tebaaaal...”. Hal-hal yang bersifat kebiasaan seperti ini sering sekali terbawa pada cara berbicara dalam Bahasa Inggris, padahal Bahasa Inggris memiliki aturan sendiri dalam pola pengucapan, tekanan dan intonasi. Sederhananya, jangan memakai logat Bahasa Indonesia atau Bahasa local saat berbicara dalam Bahasa Inggris.

Anda bias mengganti kebiasaan Oh, I'm tiiiiired...” dengan “I'm so tired”, “It's loooooong...” dengan “It's so long” dan sebagainya.

BAB 2

Kesalahan-kesalahan umum

A



**“If we are to achieve results never before accomplished, we must
able to correct the mistakes that we done ”**

“Jika kita ingin mencapai hasil yang belum pernah dicapai, kita harus mampu memperbaiki kesalahan yang pernah kita lakukan”

A. Kesalahan dalam penggunaan kalimat

1. Acara.

a. Acara apa di TV ?

False : What's the program?

True : What's on?

b. Aku ada acara.

False : I have a program

True : I've got things to do.

c. Acara apa sekarang?

False : What's the program now?

True : What are we going to do now?

d. Acara apain?

False : What program is it?

True : What's the occasion?

2. Ada.

a. Ada orang yang nyari kamu

False : There is somebody look for you.

True : Somebody is here to see you.

b. Siapa saja yang ada disana?

False : There's who there?

True : Who are the people you've got there?

True : Who's comin?

c. Ada Wanda, ada Irana, ada Tisa dan lainnya.

False : There's Wanda, there's Irana, there's Tisa and the others.

True : We've got Wanda, Irana, Tisa and the others.

d. Ada apa saja di dalam tasmu?

False : There's what in your bag?

- True** : What have you got in your bag?
- e. Kamu ini ada-ada saja.
- False** : You always there is.
- True** : You're full of ideas.
- f. Ada ga?
- False** : There is or not?
- True** : Can you find it?
- True** : Have you got it?
- g. Tidak ada disini.
- False** : Nothing here.
- True** : I can't find it.
- True** : It's not here.
- h. Masih ada ga buat aku?
- False** : Still there is for me?
- True** : Anything left for me?
- i. Ada yang lain?
- False** : What again?
- True** : Anything else?
- j. Namaku tidak ada.
- False** : There isn't my name.
- False** : My name there is no.
- True** : I don't see my name.
- True** : I can't find my name.
- k. Tidak ada orang di dalam.
- False** : Nothing people inside.
- False** : Nothing somebody inside.
- True** : There's nobody inside.
- l. Tidak ada yang bias melakukannya.
- False** : Nothing somebody can do it.
- True** : There's nobody can do it.

- m. Aku ga ada uang.
False : I have nothing money.
True : I've got no money.
- n. Bagiku, itu tidak ada segi positifnya.
False : For me, nothing positive.
True : For me, it has no positive effect.
- o. Itu tidak ada untungnya.
False : It's nothing advantage.
True : It gives no advantage.

3. Agak.

- a. Aku agak ga enak badan .
False : I'm rather sick.
True : I'm a bit unwell.

4. Alasan.

- a. Jangan bikin alasan.
False : Don't make reason.
True : Don't make up excuses.
- b. Alasanmu tidak kuat.
False : Your reason is not strong.
False : You don't have strong reason.
True : You don't have supportive reason.
True : Your reason doesn't hold water.
- c. Alasan apalagi yang akan kau katakan?
False : What more reason you want to say?
True : What other reasons you want to say?
True : Tell me another one!

5. Ambil.

- a. Ambilkan jaketku!
False :Take me my jacket!
True : Get me my jacket!
- b. Ambilkan garam.
False :Take me the salt.
True : Get me the salt.
True : Pass me the salt (ketika di mejamakan).
- c. Kamu sudah mengambil keputusan?
False :Have you taken a decision?
True : Have you made your decision?
True : Have you made up your mind?
- d. Aku mau mengambil hpku.
False : I want to take it my cell phone.
True : I want to take my cell phone.
True : I want to take it.(ingat! Tanpa adatambah kata benda).

6. Apa.

- a. Kamu mengerti apa yang aku bicarakan?
False : Do you understand my say?
True : Do you understand what I'm saying?
- b. Tidak apa-apa kalau kau ingin memakai sepedaku.
False : Never mind if you want to use my bike.
True : It's ok if you want to use my bike.
- c. Apakah tidak apa-apa kalau aku pakai celana jeans?
False : Never mind if I wear jeans?
True : Is it O.K. if I wear jeans?

7. Atur.

- a. Kita harus melakukannya seperti aturan.

- False** : We have to do it like the rule.
True : We have to go by the book.
- b. Atur meja-meja ini.
False : Arrange these tables.
True : Set these tables.
- c. Atur posisi kalian.
False : Arrange your position.
True : Get yourselves in your positions.

B



“Successful people tend to become more successful because they are always thinking about their successes”

“Orang sukses cenderung menjadi lebih sukses karena mereka selalu berpikir tentang keberhasilan mereka”

1. Bagi

- a. Kamu harus bias membagi waktu.
False : You have to be able to divide your time.
True : You have to be able to manage your time.
- b. Bagikan kertas-kertas ini kepada temanmu.
False : Divide these papers to your friends.
True : Pass these papers to your friends.
- c. Mana bagianku?
False : Where's my part?
True : Where's my share?
- d. Akugakebagian.
False : There is no for me.
True : I've got no share.

2. Bagaimana.

- a. Aku ingin tahu bagaimana melakukannya.
False : I want to know how the way to do it.
True : I want to know how to do it.
- b. Katakan padaku bagaimana caranya menjadi pendengar yang baik.
False : Tell me how the way to be a good listener.
True : Tell me the ways of how to be a good listener.
- c. Katakan padaku bagaimana caranya aku bias pergi ke bank.
False : Tell me hpw the way to the bank.
True : Tell me how to got to the bank.

3. Baik.

- a. Lebih baik kau pergi sekarang.
False : Better you go now.
True : You'd better go now. bisa juga

You better go now.

- b. Kamu harus memperbaiki tingkah lakumu.
False : You must repair your behavior.
True : You must clean up your act.
- c. Kamu harus memperbaiki Bahasa Inggris mu.
False : You should repair your English.
True : You should improve your English.
- d. Kamu harus memperbaiki situasinya.
False : You have to make good the situation.
True : You have to make things right.

4. Baru/ Barusan/ Barusaja.

- a. Aku baru saja datang.
False : I just arrive.
True : I just got there.
- b. Aku baru saja masuk.
False : I just enter.
True : I just got in.
- c. Aku baru tahu.
False : That's new news to me.
True : That's news to me.
- d. Aku baru saja bertemu dia.
False : Just now I meet him.
True : I meet him a moment ago.
- e. Barusan aku berpapasan/ melihatnya di jalan.
False : Just now I saw her on the street.
True : I ran across with her on the street a while ago.
- f. Aku baru tahu.
False : I just know.
True : I just found out.

True : That's news to me.

5. Bawa.

a. Apakah aku boleh membawa teman?

False : Can I bring my friend?

True : Can I bring my friend along?

True : Can I invite my friend?

b. Kamu bawa uang?

False : Do you bring money?

True : Have you got some money with you?

c. Aku akan membawa mu berkeliling.

False : I will bring you around.

True : I'll show you around.

True : I'll take you on a tour

1. Bayar

a. Ayo, bayar, bayar!

False : Come on, pay, pay

True : Come on, pay up!

7. Beda

a. Jangan membeda-bedakan kami.

False : Don't different us.

True : Don't make us different

True : Don't be partial.

True : Don't treat us differently.

b. Apa yang kau katakan berbeda dengan yang aku dengar

False : What you said is different with what i heard.

True : What you said is different from what i heard

8. Begini

a. Begini saja kamu ga bisa

False : Like this you can't.

True : You can't even do such a simple thing.

b. Begini saja, aku akan mengantarmu pulang.

False : Like this, i'll take you home

True : Tell you what, i'll (just) take you home

c. Begini lho, maksudku....

False : Like this,.....

True : Let me put put it this way,...

d. Kalau begini terus, aku akan cepat bosan

False : If like this, i will get bored fast.

True : If this keeps up, i will get bored fast.

e. Begini-begini aku pernah jadi penyanyi lho.

False : Even though like this, i was a singer

True : You never thought i was a singer.

9. Begitu

a. Begitu, ya?

False : Like that, ya?

True : Is that so?

b. Kalau begitu, aku tidak bisa membantumu.

False : If like that, i can't help you.

True : In the case, i can't help you.

c. Kalau begitu aku pergi sendiri saja.

False : If like that i'll go by myself

True : I'll go by myself, then.

d. Kenapa kau bilang begitu?

False : Why you say like that?

True : Why do you say so?

- e. Dia pergi begitu saja.

False : He just left

True : He left justlike that.

10. Belakang

a. Dia ada di belakang.

False : She's in behind.

True : She's at the back.

b. Aku ada di belakang toko

False : I'm behind of the store

True : I'm at the back of the store.

c. Pindah ke belakang!

False : Move to behind!

True : Is it right?

b. Benarkah aku kalau aku salah ya.

False : Right me if i'm wrong. OK?

True : Correct me if i' wrong, OK?

11. Biasa

a. Seperti biasa

False : Like usually

True : As usual

b. Aku sudah mulai terbiasa.

False : I'm usual with this.

True : I'm getting used to it

c. Biasakanlah dirimu dengan hal itu.

False : Make yourself usually with it

True : Get yourself used to it.

d. Hari ini biasa-biasa saja,

False : Today is like usual

True : There's nothing special today.

e. Bagaimana pendapatmu tentang pacarku?-Biasa saja

False : What do you think of my girlfriend?-Just usual

True : What do you think my girlfriend?-Nothing special.

f. Aku sudah terbiasa mendapat kritikan dari bos.

False : I'm usually to get criticism from the boss.

True : I'm accustomed to getting criticism from the boss.

12. Bicara

a. Aku tidak mengerti apa yang kamu bicarakan

False : I don't understand you say.

True : I don't understand what you're talking about...

b. Aku tidak (sedang) berbicara padamu kok.

False : I don't talk to you

True : I didn't talk to you.

True : I'm not talking to you.

c. Bicara itu mudah

False : Talking is easy

True : Talk is cheap.

d. Berbicara memang lebih mudah daripada melakukan.

False : Talking is easier than doing.

True : It's easier said than done.

13. Bisa

a. Bisa ga? (Untuk orang).

False : Can't or not?

True : Can you (do it)?

b. Bisa ga? (untuk sesuatu atau barang)

False : Can or not?

True : Is it working?

16. Boleh

a. Boleh ga, aku pinjam bukumu?

False : I borrow your book, can or not?

True : Can/Could i borrow your book?

b. Boleh ga aku makan ini?

False : Can or not i eat this?

True : Can i eat this?

True : Is it O.K if i eat this?

17. Buka

a. Boleh aku buka baju?

False : Can i open my shirt?

True : Can i take off my shirt?

b. Kau kelihatan cantik kalau kau lepas kacamatamu.

False : You look beautiful if you open your glasses.

True : You look beautifull when you take your glasses off.

c. Aku membuka bisnis ini 3 bulan lalu

False : I open this business 3 months ago

True : I established this business 3 months ago.

18. Buang

a. Memang susah membuang kebiasaan buruk.

False : It's difficult to throw bad habit

True : It's difficult to get rid of a bad habit.

True : It's difficult to break a bad habit

b. Dia membuang pacar lamanya

False : He throws away his old girlfriend

True : He dumped his old girlfriend.

c. Jangan buang kesempatan

False : Don't throw the chance

True : Don't blow it.

True : Don't let it slip.

d. Jangan kau buang energimu untuk menasihati aku

False : Don't throw your energy to advice me

True : Save your breath.

C



. “**You need to stop trying to change who you are and just make who you are better for your future”**

*“Kamu harus berhenti untuk mencoba merubah siapa dirimu,
jadikanlah dirimu menjadi lebih baik untuk masa depanmu”*

1. Campur

a. Kau boleh bicara bahasa inggris campur bahasa indonesia

False : You can combine to speak english with
bahasa

True : You can mix your english with bahasa.

b. Dia punya orang tua campuran

False : She has combination parents

True : She's of mixed parentage.

2. Cari

a. Carikan dompetku.

False : Look for my wallet

True : Find me my wallet

b. Aku akan carikan kamu makanan

False : I'll look for you some food

True : I'll get you some food.

c. Aku mau cari makanan

False : I want to look for something to eat

True : I want to get something to eat.

d. Kamu tadi di cari firda

False : You were looked for by firda

True : Frida was looking for you.

3. Canda

a. Aku cuma bercanda padamu.

False : I was just joking you

True : I was just kidding you

True : I wast just pulling your leg.

4. Cocok

- a. Kau dan dia cocok sekali
 - False** : You are suitable with her
 - True** : You and her are made for each other
- b. Kau cocok memakai baju itu.
 - False** : You are suitable to wear it.
 - True** : It suits you fine
- c. Makanan ini tidak cocok dengan lidahku.
 - False** : This food is not suitable with my tongue
 - True** : This food doesn't agree with me.
- d. Lingkungan di sini tidak cocok denganku
 - False** : The environment here is not suitable with me
 - True** : I don't belong here
 - True** : I can't get along fine here.
- e. Jumlah ini ga cocok.
 - False** : These figures are not suitable
 - True** : These figures doesn't add up.
- f. Ini tidak cocok dengan keinginanku
 - False** : It's not suitable with what i want
 - True** : It doesn't go with my plan
 - True** : It doesn't work out the way i want it

5. Cukup

- a. Cukup sekian
 - False** : Enough.
 - True** : Enough from me
 - True** : I think enough.

True : That's all

True : That would be all

b. Sudah cukup?

False : Enough?

True : That's all?

True : That's it?

D



“Never forget who was there for you when no one else was and hug you when you need”

“Jangan pernah melupakan seseorang yang berada untukmu ketika tidak seorang pun ada dan memelukmu ketika kamu butuh”

1. Dari

a. Dari mana kamu?

False : Where have you been?

True : Where did you go?

b. Kamu diam terus dari tadi.

False : You always quiet

True : You've been quiet since last time

True : You've been quiet all along

c. Darimana kau tahu hal itu?

False : From where you know that?

True : How do you know that?

2. Dasar

a. Apa dasar dari pendapatmu?

False : What's the basic of your opinion?

True : Based on what your opinion?

True : What's the basis of your opinion?

b. Dasar ga tahu malu!

False : Basic you don't shy!

True : (You're)shameless!

True : You're such a shameless crook!

True : Shameless is your nature!

3. Depan

a. Kalau kau mencariku aku ada di depan

False : If you look for me, im in front of.

True : If you're looking for me, i'll be at the front.

b. Sally ada di depanku

False : Sally is in my front off

True : Sally is right in front of me

- c. Jangan berdiri di depanku
- False** : Don't stand in my front of.
True : Don't stand in from of me.

4. Dekat

- a. Di mana tempatnya?-Dekat sini saja
- False** : Where is the place?-It's near here
True : Where is the place?-It's near
- b. Kapan kau akan kesini?-Dalam waktu dekat
- False** : When will you come here?-In close time
True : When will you come here?-Soon/ In a short time.
- c. Kapan kau ujian?-Dekar-dekat ini
- False** : When's your exam?Near
True : When's your exam?-It's about to
True : When's your exam?In a matter of days
- d. Ujiannya sudah dekat
- False** : The exam is already near
True : The exam is around the corner
- e. Jangan mendekat
- False** : Don't be close
True : Don't be near!
True : Don come close
True : Stay away
- f. Yang duduk dekat kamu itu, lho
- False** : Who sits near you
True : The one who sits close to you

5. Dengar

- a. Apa kau mendengarnya?
False : Do you listen that?
True : Do you hear that?
- b. Dengar , dengar!
False : Listen, listen
True : Listen up!
- c. Lagunya bagus lho, dengerin deh
False : The song is beautiful, listen
True : The song is beautiful, check this

6. Dulu/Dahulu

- a. Aku duluan,ya
False : I go ahead
True : I'm first
True : I'm leaving
- b. Aku datang lebih dulu daripada dia
False : I come here first than him
True : I came here earlier than him
- c. Siapa yang mau duluan?
False : Who wants first?
True : Who wants to go first?
- d. Aku pergi dulu ya
False : I go first, yes
True : I'm leaving . (O.K)?

G



“I really don’t care about what anyone think of me every time and every where.I don’t live to please you and my life is not from you”

“Aku sungguh tidak peduli tentang apa yang setiap orang pikirkan tentang diriku dimanapun dan kapanpun, aku tidak hidup untuk menyenangkan kalian dan aku hidup bukan dari kalian”

1. Ganti

- a. Gantian donk!
 - False** : Change, please
 - True** : It's my turn
- b. Siapa yang akan menggantikan aku?
 - False** : Who will change me?
 - True** : Who's going to take my place?
- c. Gantikan aku saat aku pergi, ya
 - False** : Change me when I'm away, O.K
 - True** : Take my place when I'm away, O.K
- d. Jangan ganti chanel Tvnya!
 - False** : Don't change the channel
 - True** : Don't switch the channel

2. Gantung/Tergantung

- a. Apakah ini akan berhasil?Tergantung
 - False** : Will this work? Depend on
 - True** : Whill that work?That depends
- b. Gantungkan cita-citamu setinggi langit
 - False** : Hang your dream as high as the sky.
 - True** : Dream the highest you can.

H



”Sometimes the smallest step in the right direction end being the biggest step of your life for your success”

“Terkadang langkah terkecil dalam arah yang benar berakhir menjadi langkah terbesar dalam hidupmu untuk kesuksesan dirimu”

1. Habis

- a. Aku kehabisan kata-kata
False : I finish word
True : I'm speechless
- b. Sabunku sudah habis
False : My soap is finished
True : My soap is used up
- c. Makanannya sudah habis
False : The food is finished
True : The food is all gone.
- d. Tiketnya sudah habis
False : The tickets are finished
True : The tickets are sold out
- e. Uangku sudah habis
False : My money is empty
False : My money is finished
True : I've run out money
- f. Kesabaranku sudah habis
False : My patience is finished
True : Enough is enough!

2. Hafal

- a. Aku hafal jalan-jalan di sini
False : I memorize all the street her
True : I know every road here very well
- b. Aku tidak hafal wajahnya
False : I didn't memorize his face
True : I didn't recognize face
True : I didn't remembe his face

3. Hasil

- a. Aku berhasil!
 - False** : I'm success!
 - True** : I made it!
 - True** : I did it!
- b. Bagaimana hasilnya usahamu?
 - False** : How's your success?
 - True** : How did it go?
 - True** : Any luck at all?
- c. Apakah ini akan berhasil ?
 - False** : Will it be success?
 - True** : Is it going to work out?
- d. Aku berhasil menyelesaikan tepat pada waktunya
 - False** : I success to finish it on time
 - True** : Imanage to finish it on time

4. Hati

- a. Hati-hati kalau mengemudi
 - False** : Be carefull if you drive
 - True** : Drive safe
- b. Aku tidak sampai hati mengatakan itu padanya
 - False** : My heart is not until to tell her that
 - True** : I can't bear to tell her that

5. Hilang

- a. Buku hilang
 - False** : My book is lost
 - True** : I lost my book
- b. Semangatku hilang
 - False** : My spirit lose

- True** : I lose my spirit
- c. Hilangkan rasa takut itu dari pikiranmu
False : Lose that fear from your mind
True : Get rid of that fear from your mind
- d. Kau harus menghilangkan rasa malu
False : You have to delete your shyness
True : You have to get rid of your shyness.

6. Hukum

- a. Mereka akan menghukummu jika kau tidak patuh
False : They will punishment you if you're inobedient
True : They will punish you if you're inobedient

7. Hutang

- a. Berapa banyak hutangku?
False : How much is my owe?
True : How much do i owe you?
- b. Aku pasti akan membayar hutangku
False : I will pay my owe
True : I will pay my debt

I



“Sometimes you have to love people from a distance and pray for him from your heart”

“Terkadang kamu harus mencintai orang-orang dari kejauhan dan berdoa untuknya dari hatimu”

1. Ini

- a. Yang ini?
False : This is?
True : This one?
- b. Ini dia!
False : This is..!
True : Here it is!
True : Bingo!

2. Ijin

- a. Saya ingin minta ijin
False : I want to permit
False : I want to permission
True : I'd like to ask a permission
- b. Ijinkan aku untuk berbicara padanya
False : Permit me to talk to her
True : Allow me to talk to her
True : Let me talk to her

3. Ikut

- a. Kamu mau ikut (pergi)?
False : You want to join ?
False : You want to follow?
True : Are you comming?
True : Wanna come along?
- b. Aku ikut main sepakbola
False : I follow play football
True : I join the football team
True : I participate in football game

- c. Boleh aku ikut?
- False** : Can i follow?
True : Can i come?
- d. Aku ikut kursus bahasa jerman
- False** : I follow german course
True : I take a german class
- e. Kau harus ikut placement test
- False** : You must follow placement test
True : You must take the placement test
- f. Siapa saja boleh ikut
- False** : Everybody can follow
True : Everybody can join
True : Everybody's invited

4. Isi

- a. Aku ikut kursus bahasa Inggris hanya untuk mengisi liburan.
- False** : I take an English class just to fill my holiday.
True : I take an English class just to spend my holiday.
- b. Siapa yang akan mengisi kelasnya?
- False** : Who will fill the class?
True : Who will be in charge the class?
- c. Siapa yang akan mengisi seminar itu?
- False** : Who will fill the seminar?
True : Who will speak in the seminar?
- d. Aku memasak hanya untuk mengisi waktu luang.
- False** : I cook just to fill my spare time.
True : I cook jus to spend my spare time.
True : I cook just to kill my spare time.

J



“Happiness is not about getting what you want all the time and do what you like, it is about loving what you have and being grateful for it to God for giving it”

“Kebahagiaan bukan tentang mendapatkan apa yang anda inginkan sepanjang waktu dan melakukan apa kamu inginkan, ini tetntang mencintai apa yang kamu miliki dan bersyukur kepada Tuhan yang telah memberiannya”

1. Jadi

a. Jadi ga ?

False : Take it or leave it?

True : How is it going to be?

b. Jadi pergi sekarang ga?

False : We go now, Take it or leave it.

True : Shall we go now?

c. Acaranya jadi ga nanti malam?

False : The program become or not tonight?

True : Shall ve have it toninght?

True : Shall we do it tonight?

d. Ga jadi, ah.

False : Cancel,ah.

True : I change my mind.

2. Jangan.

a. Jangan sampai aku melihat lagi.

False : Don't until I see you again.

True : Don't let me see you again.

b. Jangan sampai kau tak punya waktu untuk dirimu sendiri.

False : Don't until you don't have time for
yourself.

True : Don't get to the point that you don't have
time for yourself.

c. Jangankan mobil, sepeda saja aku tak punya.

False : Don't car, I don't have a bike.

True : I don't have a car, even a bike.

d. Jangan begitu, donk.

False : Don't be like that.

True : Don't give me that.

3. Janji

a. Aku ada janji.

False : I have promise.

True : I have an appointment.

b. Saya janji.

False : I am promise.

True : I promise.

4. Jauh

a. Aku bisa melihatmu dari jauh.

False : I can see you from far.

True : I can see you from distance.

b. Jauhkan dia dariku.

False : Make her far for me.

True : Get her away for me.

c. Itu 2 kilometer jauhnya dari sini.

False : It's two kilometers far from here.

True : It's two kilometers away from here.

d. Apakah kamu datang jauh-jauh dari jakarta hanya untuk tidur.

False : Do you come far far from jakarta just for sleeping?

True : Do you come far away from jakarta just for sleeping?

5. Jelas

a. Kau mengerti penjelasanku?

False : Do you understand my explain?

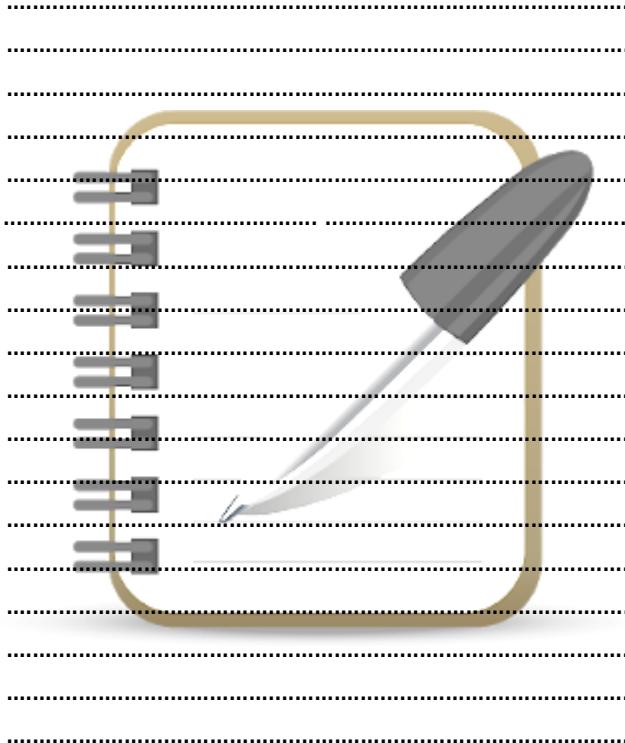
True : Do you understand my explanation?

b. Jelaskan padaku tentang caranya hidup sehat.

False : Explain me about how to live healthier.

True : Explain to me about how to live healthier.

Write your note here



K



“Never insult a person’s past, because the rain started from the black cloud”

“Jangan pernah menghina masa lalu seseorang, karena hujan yang jernih pun berasal dari awan yang hitam”

1. Kalau

- a. Kalau aku sih, lebih baik gak usah datang
False : If me, it's better not to come.
True : As for me, it's better not to come.
- b. Kalau begitu, aku lebih baik pergi saja.
False : If like that, I'd better go.
True : In that case, I'd better go.
- c. Kalau tidak, dia pasti akan kecewa.
False : If not, she will be disappointed
True : Otherwise, she will be disappointed.

2. Kelas

- a. Aku ada kelas.
False : I have program.
True : I've got a class.

3. Kenal

- a. Aku kenal baik dengan orang tua John.
False : I recognice John's parents well.
True : I know John's parents well.
- b. Aku punya banyak kenalan.
False : I have many introduce.
True : I have many acquaintances.

4. Kuat

- a. Aku sudah tak kuat lagi.
False : I'm not strong anymore.
True : I can't hold it any longer.
- b. Kuatkanlah dirimu.
False : Make strong yourself.
True : Be tough.
True : Be strong.

5. Kumpul

- a. Kumpulkan semua teman-temanmu di aula.
False : Collect all your friends in the hall.
True : Gather all your friends in the hall.
- b. Kita harus kumpul untuk mebicarakan masalah ini.
False : We must together to talk about this problem.
True : We must gather to talk about this.
- c. Kapan-kapan ngumpul yuk,
False : Let's gather sometime.
True : Let's together, sometime.
True : Let's together, sometimes.
- d. Kumpul,kumpul!
False : Gather,gather.
True : Everybody get down here!

6. Kurang

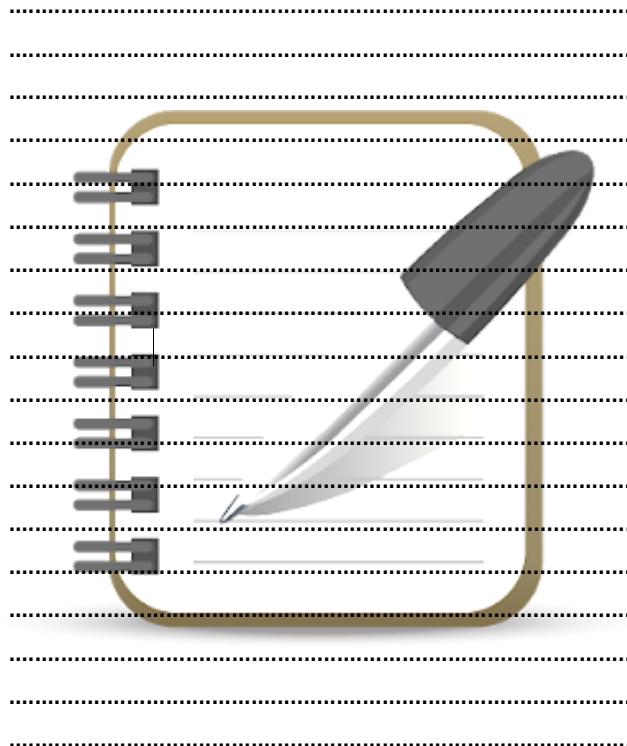
- a. Kurang sedikit lagi.
False : Less a little.
True : A little bit more.
- b. Kurang apa lagi.
False : Less what.
True : What do we need more.
True : What do you want more.
- c. Kurangi sedikit gulanya,
False : Less it a little.
True : Take some out (a little).
- d. Aku kekurangan vocabulary.
False : I'm less vocabulary.
True : I don't have enough vocabulary.
- e. Masih kurang 2 jam lagi .

- False** : It's need two hours more.
True : It take two more hours.
- f. Aku mau mengurangi berat badan.
- False** : I want to decrease my weight.
True : I want to reduce my weight.
True : I want to lose my weight.

7. Kursus

- a. Kamu ambil kursus apa?
- False** : What course you take?
True : What class are you taking?
- b. Aku ambil kursus ,mengemudi.
- False** : I'm taking driving course.
True : I'm taking driving lessons.
- c. Aku punya pelajaran kursus nanti malam.
- False** : I've got a program tonight.
True : I've got a class tonight.

Write your note here



L



“a little progress each day in your self is ads thing up to big result”

“Sedikit kemajuan setiap hari di dalam dirimu menambah sesuatu hingga hasil yang besar”

1. Lagi

a. Apa lagi?

False : What again?

True : What else?

b. Masih ada lagi, ga?

False : Still there is more or not?

True : Anything else?

True : Anyone else? (untuk orang)

c. Masih ada ga buatku?

False : Still there is for me?

True : Anything left for me?

d. Lagi-lagi kamu!

False : Again-again you!

True : Not you again!

e. Boleh nambah lagi, ga?

False : Can I have some again?

True : Can I have some more?

f. Aku akan pergi 2 minggu lagi.

False : I'll be leaving two weeks again.

True : I'll be leaving in two weeks.

g. Kapan kamu pergi?-1 minggu lagi

False : I'll be leaving two weeks again.

True : When arre you leaving?-1 week again.

True : When arre you leaving?-1 week away.

h. Beri aku waktu 10 menit lagi,

False : Give me 10 minutes again.

True : Gibe me 10 more minutes.

i. Aku punya waktu satu jam lagi.

False : I have time 1 hour again.

True : I've got one hour left.

j. Aku sudah tak tahan lagi (buang hajat).

False : I can't bear it.

True : I can't hold it longer.

k. Aku tak bisa berjalan lebih jauh lagi.

False : I can't walk farther again.

True : I can't walk any farther.

2. Lama

a. Sudah lama nunggunya?

False : Long time you wait?

True : Have you been waiting for long?

b. Jangan lama-lama

False : Don't be longing.

True : Don't take too long.

c. Lama-lama kau membuatku jengkel.

False : Long by long you piss me off.

True : You gradually piss me off.

d. Lama-lama kelamaan kamu pasti akan mengerti.

False : Long by long you will understand.

True : As time goes on, you will finally understand.

3. Langsung

a. Dia langdung marah padaku.

False : She's directly angry to me.

True : She gets angry to me at once.

True : She gets angry to me on the spot.

b. Setelah dari pameran, aku langsung pulang.

False : I directly go home after the exhibition.

True : I went straight home after the exhibition

- c. Aku langsung tertarik dengan ide barunya itu.
False : I wash directky interested in his new idea.
True : I was instantly interested in his new idea.
- d. Jangan langsung pergi setelah ini.
False : Don't directly go after this.
True : Don't just leave after this.
- e. Langsung saja ke inti permasalahannya.
False : Let's directly to the point.
True : Let's just get to the point.
True : Straight to the point.
True : Let's cut to the chase.

4. Lebih

- a. Aku lebih tahu dari pada kamu.
False : I more know tahn know.
True : I know more than you do.
- b. Kau harus bekajar lebih banyak lagi.
False : You have to more study.
True : You have to learn more.
True : You have to learn more study harder.
- c. Apa kelebihan yang kau punya?
False : What more do you have?
True : What quality do you have?

5. Lewat

- a. Aku hanya lewat saja.
False : I'm just through.
True : I'm just pass.
True : I'm just passing by..
- b. Aku melewatkkan makan siangku.
False : I pass my lunch.
True : I skip my lunch.

- c. Lewat mana?
False : Through were?
True : Which way?
- d. Lewat sini.
False : Through here?
True : This way?

6. Lihat

- a. Lihat aku!
False : Look me!
True : Look at me!
- b. Lihat mataku!
False : Look my eyes!
True : Look at my eyes?
True : Look at me in the eye!
- c. Lihat saja nanti.
False : Just look later.
True : Just see later.
True : Just see wait and see.
- d. Bukumu sudah dicetak. Mau lihat?
False : Your book's printed. Wanna see?
True : Your book's printed. Wanna have a look.
True : Your book's printed. Wanna check it out.
- e. Aku lihat kamu sedih hari ini.
False : I look you sad today.
True : I notice you're sad today.
- f. Coba lihat perjuangan dia.
False : Try to look at him.
True : Take a look at him.
- g. Kita bisa belajar dengan melihat orang yang sudah berhasil.

- False** : We can learn by looking at successful people.
- True** : We can learn by examining the successful people.

M



“Tidak ada yang mustahil, kata itu sendiri mengatakan “Aku Mungkin”.

1. Malas

- a. Aku lagi malas keluar.
False : I'm lazy to go out.
True : I don't feel like going out.
True : I'm not in the mood to go out.
- b. Jangan malas-malasan saja.
False : Don't be lazy-lazy.
True : Don't just bum around.
- c. Aku ingin malas-malasan saja di hari minggu.
False : I just want to lazy-lazy in the weekend.
True : I just want to bum around in the weekend.

2. Mampir

- a. Mampir donk!
False : Drop by!*
True : Wanna come to my place for a cup of tea.

*Ungkapan ini tidak bisa dipakai seperti dalam bahasa Indonesia. Karena memang tidak ada budaya mempersilahkan seseorang untuk mampir (sekedar basa-basi) dalam bahasa Inggris. **Wanna= want to.

3. Marah

- a. Jangan mudah marah.
False : Don't be easy angry.
True : Don't get angry easily.
True : Don't be such a short temper.
- b. Ibuku mamarahiku.

- False** : My mother angry me.
True : My mother reprimanded me.
- c. Kau marah pada siapa?
False : You angry to who.
True : Whom are you angry to?

4. Mana

- a. Mau kemana?
False : Where will you go?
True : Where were you going?
- b. Kemana ya?
False : Where yes?
True : Which way?

5. Masalah

- a. Tidak perlu mempermasalahkan hal itu.
False : No need to make it trouble.
True : No need to make trouble out of it.
- b. Jangan mempermasalahkan hal sepele.
False : Don't trouble small thing.
True : Don't sweat small stuff/thing...

6. Masuk

- a. Kenapa kamu ga masuk?
False : Why you don't enter?
True : Why are you absent?
True : Why don't you get in?
- b. Kenapa ga masuk kelas?
False : You don't enter class?
True : Don't you have a class?
- c. Aku baru masuk kerja disini.
False : I just enter work here.
True : I started working here.

- d. Masukkan koinnya.
False : Get in the coin.
True : Insert the coin.
- e. Ayo, semuanya masuk!
False : Come on, everybody enter!
True : Come on! Everybody gets in.
- f. Bisakah kau memasukkan aku?
False : Can you enter me?
True : Can you get me in?
- g. Masuk kerumah sekarang!
False : Enter the house now!
True : Get in the house now!

7. Matang

- a. Apakah nasinya sudah matang?
False : Is the rice raip?
True : Is the rice done?
- b. Mangganya belum matang.
False : The mango is not mature.
True : The mango is unripe.
- c. Dagingnya terlalu matang.
False : The meat is too cooked.
True : The meat is too ripe.
True : The meat is overcooked.
- d. Saya minta telur setengah matang, ya.
False : I want a half ripe eggs, ok.
True : I'd like to have half done egg, ok?
True : I'd like to have a medium egg, ok?

8. Mau

- a. Mau nambah?
False : Want again?

- True** : Want some more?
b. Aku mau!
False : I want, I want.
True : Give me some.

9. Milik

- a. Milik siapa ini?
False : Whose belong?
True : Who has?
True : Who does it belong to?
b. Milik siapa buku ini?
False : Whose belong this book?
True : Whose book is it?
c. Milik siapa buku ini?-Milik Anton.
False : Whose book is it?-Anton have.
True : Whose book is it?it's anton's

10. Minta

- a. Minta donk!
False : I ask!
True : Can I have some?
b. Dia menolak permintaanku.
False : She refuses my ask.
True : She refuses my request.

N



“Diam lebih baik dari pada omong kosong.”

1. Naik

a. Naik apa kau kesini?

False : By what you go here?

True : How do you go here?

b. Aku naik sepeda.

False : I drive my bike.

True : I'm by bike.

True : I ride by bike.

0



"Hal kecil yang anda lakukan hari ini bisa membuat perbedaan besar di masa depan"

1. Oleh-oleh

a. Mana oleh-olehnya?

False : Where's the parcel?

True : Got anything special?

b. Mana oleh-olehnya untukku?

False : Have you got parcel to me?

True : What have you got for me?

True : You brought me anything?

c. Aku bawakan oleh-oleh untukmu.

False : I brought you some parcel.

True : I brought you something.

True : I 've got you something.

P



"Jarak tidak berarti apa-apa ketika seseorang berarti segalanya."

1. Pakai

- a. Aku tidak suka memakai kacamata.
False : I don't like to use glasses.
True : I don't like to wear glasses.
- b. Pakai saja sandalmu.
False : Use your slipper.
True : Put on your slipper.
- c. Pakai bajumu.
False : Use your shirt.
True : Put your shirt on.

2. Pasang

- a. Ayo, berpasangan.
False : Come on, make a pair.
True : Come on, pair up.
- b. Pasangkan kabel ini ke TV.
False : Pair this cable to TV.
True : Hook it up to the TV.

3. Pasti

- a. Aku tidak tahu pasti.
False : I don't know exactly.
True : I don't know for sure.
True : I can't say it for sure.
- b. Kau mau datang kesini? Pastinya kapan?
False : You want to come here? Exactly when?
True : You want to come here? When is it exactly?

4. Pernah

- a. Aku pernah pergi ke Bali.
False : I ever go to Bali.
True : I once went to Bali.
- b. Apa kau pernah pergi keluar negeri?
False : Do you ever go to abroad?
True : Did you ever go abroad?
True : Have you ever gone abroad?

5. Pinjam

- a. Aku pinjam sepatumu, ya.
False : I borrow your shoes, yes.
True : Can I use your shoes?
- b. Aku pinjam duit donk.
False : I borrow some money yes.
True : Can you borrow me some
money?
True : Can you lend me some money?
True : Can I borrow some money?

6. Pikir

- a. Aku pikir siapa...
False : I think who....
True : I didn't think it's you.
- b. Aku pikir kamu akan datang hari
Sabtu.
False : I think you will come on Saturday.
True : I thought you will come on Saturday.
- c. Tak pernah terpikirkan olehku.
False : Never think by me.
True : It never crosses my mind.

True : I've never thought about it.

7. Potong

a. Jangan potong pembicaraan ku.

False : Don't cut my speak.

True : Don't interrupt me.

b. Potong bawangnya kecil-kecil.

False : Cut the onion little.

True : Chop off the onion.

c. Bisa kau potong harganya?

False : Can you cut the price?

True : Can I get a discount?

True : Can I get a lower price?

d. Aku mau potong rambut.

False : I want to cut my hair.

True : I want to have my hair cut.

S



“Diam lebih baik daripada omong kosong”

1. Sabar

a. Akusudahtaksabaringinbertemudenganmu.

False : I'm not patient to see you.

True : I can't wait to see you.

b. Kesabarankusudahhabis.

False : My patience is run out.

True : Enough is enough.

2. Saja

a. Siapa yang mau memimpin grup ini? -*Akusaja*.

False : Who wants to lead this group? -Just me.

True : Who wants to lead this group? -Allow me.

b. Itusaja?

False : Enough?

True : Is that it?

True : Is that all?

c. Segitusajakemampuanmu?

False : Just that you power?

True : Is that all you got?

3. Salah

a. Kalau aku tidak salah.

False : If I'm not wrong.

True : If I'm not mistaken.

b. Jangan salah.

False : Don't be wrong.

True : Don't get me wrong.

True : Make no mistake.

4. Sakit

- a. Aduh, sakit, tahu.
False : Ouch, sick you know.
True : Ouch, it hurts, you know.
- b. Kakikusakitsekali.
False : My foot is very sick.
True : My foot is killing me.
- c. Rasanyasakitsekali.
False : It feels very sick.
True : The pain is killing me.
- d. Hatikusakitsekali.
False : My heart is very sick.
True : It hurts like hell.

5. Sambung.

- a. Ganyambung.!
False : Not connect!
True : It doesn't get through.
- b. Sambungkansayadengan Pak John.
False : Connect me with Mr. John.
True : Put me through to Mr. John.

6. Sampai.

- a. Kita hampirsampai.
False : We're almost arrive.
True : We're almost there.
- b. Kita sudahsampaikan.
False : We are arrive.
True : We're here.
- c. Apakah kita sudah sampai?

- False** : Have we arrive there?
True : Are we there yet?
- d. (Tanganku) ganyampai!
False : My hand is not until.
True : I can't reach it.
- e. Sampaikapan?
False : Until when?
True : For how long?
- f. Sampaikapankauakandiamterus?
False : Until when you will be quite?
True : How long are going to keep quite?
- g. Akutidaksampaihatimengatakanhalitupadanya.
False : My heart don't until to say that to her.
True : I can't bear to say that to her.

7. *Samping.*

- a. Duduklah di sampingku.
False : Sit in my beside.
True : Sit beside me.
- b. Disampingitu, akutidakmaumenyia-nyiakanwaktuku.
False : Beside that, I don't want to waste my time.
True : Besides that, I don't to waste my time.

8. *Sangat.*

- a. Aku sangat mencintainya.
False : I'm very love her.
True : I love her very much.
- b. Aku sangat berterima kasih.
False : I very thank you.

True : I'm very grateful.

9. *Selesai.*

- a. Aku sudah selesai.

False : I have finished.

True : I'm done.

- b. Apa kau sudah selesai?

False : Have you finished?

True : Are you done?

- c. Ini sudah selesai.

False : It has been finished.

False : It has been over.

True : It's done.

True : It's over.

10. *Sengaja.*

- a. Maaf, aku tidak sengaja.

False : Sorry, I'm unintentionally.

True : Sorry, I didn't mean to.

True : Sorry, It was unintentional.

- b. Apa kau melakukannya dengan sengaja?

False : Did you do it with intentional?

True : Did you do it intentionally?

True : Did you do it on purpose?

11. *Seperti.*

- a. Jangan berkata seperti itu.

False : Don't say like that.

True : Don't say that.

- b. Aku tidak berkata seperti itu.

False : I didn't say like that?

True : I didn't say so.

- c. Seperti apa rasanya punya saudara kembar?
False : Like what the feeling to have a twin?
True : How does it feel to have a twin?
- d. Ini tidak seperti yang kau pikirkan.
False : It's not like what you think.
True : It's not what you think.
- e. Bukan seperti itu maksudku.
False : Not like that what I mean.
True : I don't mean that.
True : That's not what I mean
- f. Kenyataannya tidak seperti itu.
False : The fact is not like that.
True : The reality speaks louder.
- g. Tidak seperti itu (caranya).
False : Not like that.
True : It doesn't work that way.
- h. Cara seperti itu tidak akan berhasil.
False : Way like that won't work.
True : That's not the way how it works.

12. Siapa.

- a. Aku lupa siapa namanya.
False : I forgot who is her name.
True : I forgot her name.
- b. Siapa cepat, dia dapat.
False : Who fast, will get it.

True : The early bird gets the worm.

13. Sini.

a. Sini, sini!

False : Here, here!

True : Get over here!

14. Sisa.

a. Sisakan untukku.

False : Remain me.

True : Save some for me.

True : Save me some.

b. Masih sisa separuh. (untuk makanan)

False : There's half remain.

True : We've a half left.

True : I saved you a half.

c. Masih sisa separuh. (untuk pekerjaan)

False : There's still remain a half.

True : We've still got another half to do.

d. Ada sisa untukku?

False : Still there is for me?

True : Anything left for me?

e. Aku sarapan sisa makanan semalam.

False : I had a breakfast with he remain from last night.

False : I had a breakfast with the left from last night.

True : Ihad a breakfast with left over from last night.

15. Sudah.

a. Apa kamu sudah sarapan? Sudah

- False** : Have you had your breakfast? Already.
True : Have you had your breakfast? I did.
- b. Sudah?
False : Already?
True : Done?
- c. Kamu harus masukkan? –sudah selesai.
False : You've got a class, don't you? Have done.
True : You've got a class don't you? It's done.
True : You've got a class, don't you? It's Over.

16. Sulit.

- a. Aku kesulitan menghafal.
False : I'm difficult to memorize.
True : It's difficult for me to memorize.
True : I find it hard to memorize.
- b. Jangan menyulitkan aku.
False : Don't difficult me.
True : Don't give me hard time.
- c. Kau hanya menyulitkan.
False : You just give difficult.
True : You're no good but trouble.

T



“Banggalah dengan siapa diri anda.”

1. Tadi

- a. Tadi aku bertemu Tina di perpustakaan.
False : Last time I met Tina in the library.
True : I met Tina in the library.
- b. Apakah kau tadi bertemu Chris?
False : You meet Chris last time?
True : Last time, you meet Chris?
True : Did you meet Chris?

2. Tahan

- a. Aku sudah tak tahan lagi.
False : I'm not strong to hold it any longer
True : I can't hold it any longer.
True : I can't stand it.
True : I can't put with all these anymore.
- b. Polisi menahan pengusaha itu.
False : The police holds that businessman.
True : The police arrests that businessman.

3. Tahu

- a. Aku bisa tahu dari perkataanmu.
False : I can know from what you say.
True : I can relate to what you say.
- b. Tom memberitahu aku tentang hal itu
False : Tom gives me know about this.
True : Tom tells me about this.
- c. Beritahu aku kalau kau sudah siap.
False : Give me know when you're ready.
True : Let me know when you're ready.

- d. Setahu saya,dia orang yang baik.
- False** : As I know, he's a good person.
True : As far as I know, he's a good person.

4. *Tanya*

- a. Aku mau tanya.
- False** : I want to ask.
True : Let me ask you something.
True : Let me ask you a question.
- b. Kau mengerti pertanyaanku?
- False** : Do you understand my ask?
True : Do you understand about my question?
- c. Aku bertanya padamu!
- False** : I ask you.
True : I'm asking you!

5. *Tarik*

- a. Aku tertarik dengan hal itu.
- False** : I'm interesting with it.
True : I'm interested in it.
- b. Beginilah cara menarik pelanggan.
- False** : This how to interest the customers.
True : This is how you attract the customers.
- c. Dia selalu menarik perhatian banyak orang.
- False** : She always interest people's attention.
True : She always gets people attention.

6. *Tawar*

- a. Boleh saya tawar?
- False** : Can I bargain?
True : Can I make an offer?

7. Tinggal

- a. Tinggal satu orang.

False : Left one person.

True : There's one person left.

True : One more to go.

- b. Waktuku tinggal satu hari lagi.

False : My time is one day again.

True : I've got one day left.

8. Titip

- a. Kau mau beli makan? Nitip donk!

False : You want to get some food? Entrust!

True : You want to get some food? Can you get me some?

- b. Aku nitip sepedaya!

False : I entrust my bike yes.

True : Let me leave my bike here OK.

- c. Aku titip salam buat Andrea ya.

False : Send hallo to Andrea, OK.

True : Give my best to Andrea, OK.

True : Give my best regard to Andrea, OK.

True : Say hi to Andrea OK.

- d. Aku titip adikku, ya.

False : I entrust my brother to you, OK.

True : Take care of my brother, OK.

U



“Hidup seperti mengendarai sepeda, untuk menjaga keseimbangan anda harus tetap bergerak”

1. Ulur

- a. Aku berusaha mengulur waktu.

False : I'm trying to long the time.

True : I'm trying to buy the time.

2. Undur

- a. Karena kau juga suka dia, aku mundur saja.

False : Because you like her too, I'm back.

True : Because you like her too, I will back off.

- b. Ujiannya mundur satu hari.

False : The examination back one day.

True : The examination is delayed for one day

- c. Aku tak akan mundur.

False : I won't back.

True : I won't back off.

3. Untung

- a. Untung ada kamu.

False : Lucky you here.

True : Thank God you're here.

True : Luckily I've got you here.

- b. Posisinya tidak menguntungkan buatku.

False : The position is not advantage for me.

True : It's not an advantageous.

4. Usaha

- a. Berusahalah lebih keras lagi!

False : Effort harder!

True : Try harder!

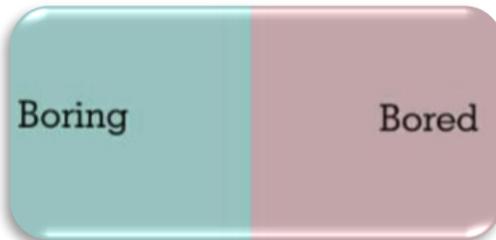
b. Aku berusaha untuk mendapatkannya.

False : I effort to get it.

True : I try to get it.

B. Kesalahan dalam penggunaan kata

1. Boring/ bored



False : I'm boring

True : I'm bored

Note: Jika kita mengatakan **I'm boring** itu artinya kita mengatakan saya membosankan, yang tepat yaitu kita mengatakan **I'm bored** artinya saya bosan. Ini sangat bergantung pada pemahaman kita mengenai **Tenses**.

2. Like



False : I'm like monkey

True : I like monkey

Note: Jika kita mengatakan **I'm like monkey** itu artinya kita mengatakan saya seperti monyet. yang tepat yaitu kita mengatakan **I like monkey** artinya saya menyukai monyet.

3. Annoying/ Annoyed

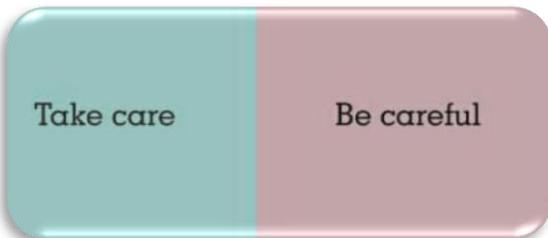


False : I'm Annoying

True : I'm Annoyed

Note: Jika kita mengatakan **I'm Annoying** itu artinya kita mengatakan saya orang yang menyebalkan. yang tepat yaitu kita mengatakan **I'm Annoyed** artinya saya terganggu.

4. Take care/ be careful

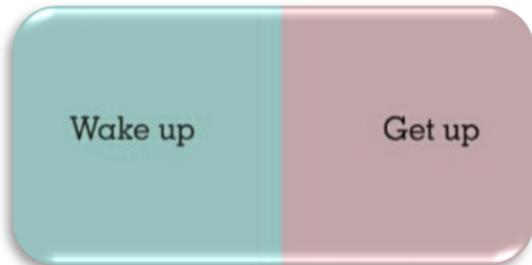


Note: Kedua kata tersebut mempunyai arti yang sama yaitu hait-hati . tetapi perbedaannya itu terdapat dalam konteks penggunaanya.

Take care : diucapkan ketika berpisah dengan seseorang.

Be careful : diucapakan ketika memerintahkan seseorang untuk berhati-hati.

5. Wake up/Get up



Note: Kedua kata tersebut mempunyai arti yang sama yaitu bangun . tetapi perbedaannya itu terdapat dalam konteks penggunaanya.

Wake up : diucapkan ketika ingin membangunkan seseorang yang tertidur lelap

Get up : diucapakan ketika memerintahkan seseorang untuk bangkit dari posisi duduk atau tidurnya (tidak lelap).

BAB 3

Correct yourself



“Anybody desirous of success should spend some time in introspection and correct themselves”

“ Siapa pun yang menginginkan kesuksesan harus meluangkan waktu untuk introkeksi dan memperbaiki diri mereka sendiri”

1. John sangat baik sehingga banyak orang ingin berbincang-bincang dengannya.

Incorrect : John is kindness, so many people want to chat with him.

Correct : John is so kind that many people want to chat with him.

2. Apakah kau sudah pernah ke Perancis, Randy?

Incorrect : Had you come to French,Randy?

Correct : Have you ever been to French,Randy?

3. Ann, apakah sekarang kau sibuk dengan pekerjaanmu?

Incorrect : Ann, are your work busy?

Correct : Ann, do you have a busy job?

4. Aku akan pergi piknik.

Incorrect : I am going to a picnic.

Correct : I am going on a picnic.

5. Aku sedang sedikit terburu-buru.

Incorrect : I am a bit in a hurry.

Correct : I am in a bit of a hurry.

6. Aku akan mengajak dia kencan keluar malam ini

Incorrect : I'll date her out this Saturday.

Correct : I'll take her out on a date this Saturday.

7. Rumahku berjarak 10 menit perjalanan dari rumahnya.

Incorrect : I had told you I am from Indonesia.

Correct : I have told you before that I am from
Indonesia.

8. Aku pernah bilang padamu bahwa aku berasal dari Indonesia

Incorrect : My house is to ten minute of her.

9. Correct : My house is a ten minute drive from my
house to hers.

ong jangan tanyakan pertanyaan itu pada saya, oke?

Incorrect	: Would you please don't ask me this question, OK?
Correct	: Would you please not ask me this question, OK?

10. Aku sedang mendengarkan musik sekarang.

Incorrect	: I'm heard music.
Correct	: I am listening to some music now.

11. Aku berasal dari Indonesia.

Incorrect	: I am come from Indonesia..
Correct	: I am from Indonesia/ I come from Indonesia..

12. Andai saja aku punya..

Incorrect	: I wish I have..
Correct	: I wish I had..

13. Aku akan pergi nonton malam ini.

Incorrect	: I am going to watch the cinema tonight.
Correct	: I am going to a movie tonight.

14. Aku kesulitan belajar bahasa Perancis.

Incorrect	: I am difficult to learn French.
Correct	: It is difficult for me to learn French.

15. Aku masih sangat terkejut karena kita lahir di hari yang sama.

Incorrect	: I still so surprise we were born in same day?
Correct	: I am so surprised that we were born

16. Apakah ada topik yang bisa dibicarakan?

Incorrect	: Is there some topic talk about?
Correct	: Is there any topic to talk about?

17. Tolong bantu aku!

Incorrect	: Give me a favor!
Correct	: Please do me a favor!

18. Aku tidak mengerti arti dari perkataanmu...

Incorrect	: I don't understand the meaning what you say.
Correct	: I don't understand the meaning of what you said.

19. *Tidak ada salahnya..*

Incorrect	: There are not anything wrong ...
Correct	: There is nothing wrong ...

20. Kenapa kau tidak datang kemarin?

Incorrect	: Why not come yesterday?
Correct	: Why didn't you come yesterday?

Incorrect	: What hobby do you like?
Correct	: What is your hobby?

21. Apa hobimu?
22. Hampir semua orang yang ada disini adalah orang asing buatku.

Incorrect	: Almost people here I never met before.
Correct	: Almost all the people here are strangers to me.

23. Kau memang orang yang luar biasa.

Incorrect	: You must be quite a character.
Correct	: You are quite a character.

24. Kenyataannya, Billy memiliki semua hal yang diperlukan untuk menjadi VIP.

Incorrect	: In fact, Billy really owns some personality to be a VIP.
Correct	: In fact, Billy really has what it takes to be a VIP.

25. Baru saja aku mengalami gangguan sinyal....

Incorrect	: Just now my connection have problem
Correct	: I just had a connection problem.....

26. Joie, mungkin aku akan tidak bisa tidur setelah melihat fotonya!

Incorrect	: Joie, maybe I will sleepless after I saw his picture!
Correct	: Joie, I may be sleepless tonight after seeing his picture!

27. Aku sangat bosang hari ini, tolong katakana hal yang menyenangkan.

Incoreect	: I am so booring today, please bring me fun.
Correct	: I feel so bpred today, please say something funny.

28. Tom mengirim fotonya padaku sudah lama sekali.

Incorrect	: Tom sent his pic to me for long time ago.
Correct	: Tom sent me his picture a long time ago.

29. Kamu dapat mencobanya beberapa kali...

Incorrect	: You can try it more...
Correct	: You can try a few times...

30. Dia pergi ke luar negeri untuk melanjutkan studinya.

Incorrect	: He went to abroad to further his study.
Correct	: He went abroad to further his study.

31. Karena hal itu akan membantu memahami lebih jelas tentang apa yang kau katakan.

Incorrect	: Because that can let me more to be clear about your talk.
Correct	: Because that can help me to understand what you said better.

32. Apakah kau tinggal disana sejak lahir?

Incorrect	: Do you live there from the day your born.
Correct	: Have you live there since birth? Or
Correct	: Have you lived there since the day you were born?

33. Kau memiliki pengetahuan yang luas.

Incorrect	: You are very learned.
Correct	: You are very knowledgeable.

34. Maaf, computer saya sedang bermasalah.

Incorrect : I am sorry, my computer have the problem.

Correct : I am sorry, there is a problem with my computer.

35. Hari ini aku akan memandikan kucingku.

Incorrect : Today, I'll wash my cat.

Correct : I'll give my cat a bath today.

36. Ada sisa beberapa hari lagi sebelum kau berhenti bekerja?

Incorrect : How many days left for you to quit your position?

Correct : How many days are left **before** you quit your job?

Correct : How many days are left **until** you quit your job?

37. Well, sinyal saya sedang ada masalah.

Incorrect : Well, now my connection have problem.

Correct : Well, I have some problems with my connection now.

38. Aku telah menulis kalimat-kalimatmu, Maggie.

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| Incorrect | : I writed the sentences yours down ...
Maggie. |
| Correct | : I have written down your sentences
Maggie. |

39. Apakah sekarang sedang musim hujan di Thailand?

- | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Incorrect | : Did Thailand come into rain season? |
| Correct | : Is it rainy season in Thailand. |

40. Saya merasa senang bercakap-cakap dengan anda.

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| Incorrect | : I'm so much pleasing to talk with you. |
| Correct | : I'm so pleased/happy to talk with you. |

41. Bagaimana semuanya?

- | | |
|------------|--------------------------|
| Incorrect: | how is going everything? |
| Correct: | how is everything going? |

42. Aku tidak tau bagaimana mengungkapkanya dalam bahasa Inggris.

Incorrect : I don't know how speak it in English.

Correct : I don't know how to say it in English.

43. Beberapa banya gunung yang ada di Indonesia?

Incorrect : how many mountains exist in Indonesia?

Correct : how many mountains are there in Indonesia?

44. Apakah tidurmu nyenyak kemarin judy?

Incorrect : how was your sleeping yesterday? Judi

Correct : did you have a good sleep , judi?

45. Aku rasa kau tidak terbiasa...

Incorrect : you're get used to it, I guess...

Correct : you're not used to it, I guess...

46. Dia berusaha mendapatkan maaf dengan memasang wajah yang manis.

Incorrect : he is trying to look cute to make himself forgiven.

Correct : he is trying to get away with it by looking cute.

47. Kenapa kau sering datang ke sini?

Incorrect : why are you come here so often?

Correct : why do you come here so often?

48. Apakah kau dilahirkan di Australia?

Incorrect : are you born in Australia?

Correct : were you born in Australia?

49. Kenapa kau tidak tinggal di sini agak lebih lama?

Incorrect : why don't stay more time here?

Correct : why don't you stay a little longer?

50. Dia dikeluarkan dari rumah sakit baru-baru ini.

Incorrect : he was in a hospital, and he is recently out of it.

Correct : he was discharged from the hospital recently.

51. Jika suatu saat nanti kau mahir dalam bahasa inggris, aku pasti akan mengakuinya.

Incorrect : if **oneday** I am good in English, I would definitely admit it.

Correct : if **someday** I am good English, I will definitely admit to it.

52. Aku tidak bertemu denganya selama 2 tahun.

Incorrect : I have nor 2 years meet him.

Correct : I haven't met him for 2 years.

53. Aku benci bisku rasanya ingin nendang pantatnya.

Incorrect : I hate my boss, I feel like kicking on his butt.

Correct : I hate my boss, I feel like kicking his butt.

54. Aku tidak suka bahasa inggris, jadi aku pergi saja.

Incorrect : I do not like English, so, I will go out here.

Correct : I don't like English, so I am leaving.

Correct : I don't like English, so I am going out of here.

55. Derek, kenapa kamu datang dan pergi tanpa berbicara apapun dengan kami?

Incorrect : Derek, why are you come and go say nothing to us?

Correct : Derek, why did you come and go without saying anything to us?

56. Aku ingin berbicara dengan seorang.

Incorrect : I want to talk someone.

Correct : I want to talk to someone.

57. Kau benar, aku baru saja punya waktu longgar, peter.

Incorrect : you are right. Just now have leisure. Peter.

Correct : you are right. I was free just now, peter

58. Aku tidak pamit padamu kemarin, jangan marah.

Incorrect : I didn't say bye **for** you yesterday, please don't be angry.

Correct : I didn't say bye **to** you yesterday, please don't be angry.

59. Betty, apakah kamu berinvestasi di pasar modal?

Incorrect : betty, are you investing **on** stock marker?

Correct : betty, are you investing **in** the stock marker?

60. Boleh ikut ngobrol?

Incorrect : can you join me the talk?

Correct : can I join in the talk?

61. Kami di beri pilihan apakah bekerja sehari penuh atau setengah hari pada hari minggu.
- Incorrect** : we have full off and half off on Sunday.
- Correct** : we are given the option to work either or half day on Sunday.
62. Ketiga kota itu sama hangatnya dengan Malaysia.
- Incorrect** : all these three cities are similar warm as Malaysia.
- Correct** : all three of these cities are as warm as Malaysia.
63. Jam berapa sekarang di negaramu?
- Incorrect** : what time of a day now in your country?
- Correct** : what is the time now in your country?
64. Jadi ingat kedengaranya itu benar.
- Incorrect** : comes to think of it, it sounds right!
- Correct** : come to think of it, it does sound right!
65. Angin topan yang trakhir menimbulakan kerugian 400 juta.
- Incorrect** : last one typhoon let person 4 hundred million damage.
- Correct** : the latest typhoon has cost the people 400 million damage.
66. Tapi aku tidak mengerti computer...
- Incorrect** : but I'm illiterate computer...
- Correct** : but I'm a computer illiterate...

67. Aku tidak mengerti apa yang kalian berdua bicarakan.
- Incorrect** : I can't follow you two talk now.
Correct : I can't follow what both of you are talking about.
68. Sepertinya di matakamu semua tetap sama...
- Incorrect** : Seems nothing changed to me...
Correct : It seems that nothing has changed to me...
69. Tapi aku tahu banyak tentang computer kan?
- Incorrect** : But you know a lot about computer, isn't it?
Correct : But you know a lot about computer, don't you?
70. Kenapa kamu ingin tahu lebih banyak tentang aku? Aku hanya orang kecil.
- Incorrect** : Why you want to know more about me? I am just small people.
Correct : Why do you want to know more about me? I am a nobody.
71. Pastikan pekerjaan itu gajinya tinggi.
- Incorrect** : Make sure that it is a high Pay job.
Correct : Make sure that it is a high paying job.
72. Berapa suhunya?
- Incorrect** : How much is the temperature?
Correct : What is the temperature?
73. Jangan marah padaku! Aku hanya bercanda.
- Incorrect** : Don't feel anger with me !!! I'm just kidding.
Correct : Don't at me!!! I'm just kidding.

74. OK, katakan padaku seperti apa dia?

Incorrect : OK, tell me how does he like?

Correct : OK, tell me what he looks like?

75. Aku rasa kau harus keluar negeri untuk mencari pekerjaan.

Incorrect : I think you should go to abroad find a job.

Correct : I think you should **go abroad** to find a job.

76. Buatlah hidupmu sedikit berubah.

Incorrect : Make your life a little bit changed.

Correct : Make your life a little bit different for a change.

77. Aku tak yakin ada orang bisa menguasai dirinya jika menjumpai situasi seperti ini.

Incorrect : I am sure not even one man can control himself if he meet this kind of situation.

Correct : I doubt that there is even one man who can control himself in his situation.

78. Apakah kamu seorang penjual, Alvin?

Incorrect : Are you a saler, Alvin?

Correct : Are you a salesman, Alvin?

79. Jenis mobil apa?

Incorrect : Which kind of car?

Correct : What type of car?

80. Bagaiman kabarmu minggu ini?

Incorrect : How are you this week?

Correct : How are you been this week?

81. Aku tahu kau pandai dalam computer dan bahasa Inggris.

Incorrect : I know are good in computer and english.

Correct : I know you are good at computers/ computing and English.

82. Tidak terkecuali saya.

Incorrect : I am no **exceptional**.

Correct : I am no **exceptional**.

83. Mudah atau sulitkah mendapatkan visa?

Incorrect : It is easy or not get visa?

Correct : Is it easy to get visa?

84. Dia akan sangat berguna untukmu.

Incorrect : He will be great help for you.

Correct : He wil be of great help to you.

85. Olahraga apa yang membuat anda tertarik?

Incorrect : What sport are you interest?

Correct : What sports are you interested in?

86. Jadi kita lanjutkan berbicara dalam bahasa Inggris?

Incorrect : Should we continuous our speak in English language?

Correct : Shall we continue speaking in English?

87. Dari mana asal para siswa ini?

Incorrect : Where is the students come from?

Correct : Where do the students come from?

88. Aku heran apakah kau pernah mengajar sebelumnya?

Incorrect : I wonder have you be teacher before?

Correct : I wonder if you were a teacher before?

89. Berapa lama beritanya?

Incorrect : How long doe the news?

Correct : How long does the news last?

90. Sebaiknya kita tidak memberi tahu yang lain.

Incorrect : We better don't tell anithers.

Correct : We had better not tell others.

91. Aku khawatir bahasa ingrismu akan semakin buruk jika kau hanya bicara padaku.

Incorrect : I am worry about your English level will getting worse if you talk to me only.

Correct : I am worried that your English will get worse if you only talk to me.

92. Jika kau datang kesini, akan lebih mudah buatmu.

Incorrect : Come to here is more easy for you.

Correct : If you come here it will be easier for you.

93. Aku akan membacanya malam ini.

Incorrect : I am the only one graduated from high school.

Correct : I am the only one graduating from high school.

94. Dia katakan padaku tak ada lagi jalan lain.

Incorrect : She told me there is no abother way.

Correct : She told me there was no other way.

95. Kenyataanya aku ingin ada perubahan dalam hidupku.

Incorrect : In fact I want my life had a little bit changed.

Correct : In fact I want to have some change in my life.

96. Oh, dia punya mobil yang sama dengan mobilmu?

Incorrect : Oh, he has same car with yours?

Correct : Oh, he has the same car like yours?

97. Biar kulihat lagu fotomu agar aku bisa melihat betapa indah matamu... haha

Incorrect : Let me check your pic again see how is your beautiful eyes looks like. haha

Correct : Let me take a look at your pic again and see how beautiful your eyes look like. Haha

98. Aku tinggal di Canada sekarang dan bekerja sebagai tenaga penualan.

Incorrect : I am living at Canada now, and working as a sales.

Correct : I am living in Canada now an wirking in sales.
Or I am living in Canada now and working as a sales rep.

99. Bagaimana pendapatmu tentang ideku?

Incorrect : How do you think my idea?

Correct : What do you think of my idea?

100. Apakah aku benar?

Incorrect : Am I complete right?

Correct : Am I completely right?

101. Bisakah anda koreksi surat ini untuk saya?

Incorrect : Could you correct me this letter?

Correct : Would you correct this letter for me?

102. Dia memiliki bakat untuk belajar bahasa.

Incorrect : He has the aptitude for anguages.

Correct : He has **an** aptitude for **language**.

103. Diskusi ini akan dimulai setelah makan malam.

Incorrect : The discussion will begin after the dinner.

Correct : The discussion will begin after dinner.

104. Professor li akan berbicara mengenai perkembangan terbaru dalam dunia kimia.

Incorrect : Professor li will speak on the latest development in the chemistry.

Correct : Professor li will speak on the latest development in chemistry.

105. Kami membuat roti dan tepung.

Incorrect : We make the bread with the flour.

Correct : We make bread with flour.

106. Pengalaman adalah guru yang terbaik.

Incorrect : The experience is the best teacher.

Correct : Experiences is the best teacher.

107.Saat anak-anak tumbuh, mereka arus disekolahkan.

Incorrect : When children grow up, they are sent to school.

Correct : When children grow up, they are sent to school.

108.Mereka belajar di inggris.

Incorrect : They study in the England.

Correct : They study in England.

109.Sebagian siswa dapat berbahasa mandarin dengan lancer.

Incorrect : Some of the students speak the mandarin very well.

Correct : Some of the students speak mandarin very well.

110.Semakin banyak orang meninggal karna kanker saat ini.

Incorrect : More and more people today die of the cancer.

Correct : More and more people today die of cancer.

111.Aku suka main spakbola.

Incorrect : I like to play the football.

Correct: I like doe of football.

112.Biru adalah warna favoritku.

Incorrect : The blue is my favorite color.

Correct : Blue is my favorite color.

113. Mary pergi belanja hari sabtu.

Incorrect : Mary went shooping on the Saturday.

Correct : Mary went shooping on Saturday.

Note: when seasons, months or days are specified, they are preceded by the definite article.

In the winter of 1976 she met with an accident. I shall be going to the states in the fall.

114. Anjing adalah binatang yang setia.

Incorrect : The dogs are faithful animals.

Correct : Dogs are faithful animals.

115. Dia belum menjawab pertanyaannya.

Incorrect : She has not answered to his question.

Correct : She has not answered his question.

116. Kami ada pertemuan siang ini.

Incorrect : We had a meeting in this afternoon.

Correct : We had a meeting this afternoon.

Note: jika menggunakan the, maka preposisi in yang dipakai.

I work best in the morning. (aku bekerja paling bagus dipagi hari.)

He will be back in the afternoon. (dia akan kembali siang ini.)

117. kakak saya ada diskolah.

Incorrect : My sister she is at school.

Correct : My sister is at school.

Note: dalam dunia speaking, seseorang kadang boleh mengulang subject untuk penekanan, tapi bentuk seperti tui biasanya terjadi dalam kalimat seperti berikut.

You people must come earlier tomorrow.

(kalian harus datang lebih awal besok.)

You kids will have to help us baking cookies.

(anak-anak, kalian harus membantu kami untuk memanggang kue.)

118. Perusahan itu, setelah menyelesaikan proyeknya, menerima pembayaran.

Incorrect : The company, having finished the construsction project, it received its pay.

Correct : The company, having finished the construction project, received its pay.

119. Aku membeli buku untuk dibaca.

Incorrect : I boungt a story book to read it.

Correct : I bought a story book to read.

120. Walaupun dia sakit, dia tetap masuk kerja seperti biasa.

Incorrect : Although he was will, but he went to work as usual.

Correct : Although he was will, he went to work as usual.

121. Mungkin anda tidak mengerti betapa pentingnya waktu.

Incorrect : You may not realize that how important time is.

Correct You may not realize how important time is.

122. Dia orang yang lebih menyenangkan daripada kamu.

Incorrect : He is more nicer person han you.

Correct : He is nicer person than you.

123. Hasil pekerjaan john lebih sempurna daripada hasil pekerjaan tom.

Incorrect : John's work is more perfect than tom's.

Correct : John's work is better than/superior to tom's.

124. Buku ini paling unik.

Incorrect : This book is the most unique of all.

Correct : This book is unique.

125. Aku tidak punya cukup uang untuk membeli rumah yang besar.

Incorrect : I don't have enough money to buy big house.

Correct : I don't have enough money to buy a big house.

Note: if the noun is specified, the is used I want to buy a computer. The computer.the computer must be versatile in function.

126. Kenapa kamu memerlukan seratus dolar?

Incorrect : Why do you need hundred dollars?

Correct : Why do you need a hundred dollars?

127. Dia memiliki pengetahuan yang bagus tentang tata bahasa inggris.

Incorrect : He has good knowledge of English grammar.

Correct : He has a good knowledge of English grammar.

128. Aku jarang pergi ke bioskop.

Incorrect : I seldom go to theatre.

Correct : I seldom go to the theatre.

129. Keluarga smith mengundangku makan malam.

Incorrect : Smiths invited me to a dinner.

Correct : The smiths invited me to a dinner.

Note: it is a common practice in English to use a family name to refer to a certain family and its members. Such a family name must be pluralized and preceded by the definite article the.

130. Hakim telah memutuskan kasus itu.

Incorrect : The judge has decided the case.

Correct : The judge has decided upon the case.

131. Apakah kamu mau coba mobil baruku?

Incorrect : Do you want to try my new car?

Correct : Do you want to try out my new car?

132. Aku menikmati masa liburanku.

Incorrect : I enjoyed during the holidays.

Correct : I enjoyed myself during the holidays.

133. Permisi, boleh aku mengambil bukuku?

Incorrect : Excuse me, can I take my book?

Correct : Can I take my book?

134. Mary menyesal mengenai hal itu tapi dia tidak menyarakannya.

Incorrect : Mary felt sorry about the metter but she did not voice.

Correct : Mary felt sorry about the metterbut she did not voice it.

135. Banyak orang dimasa lalu mati karena malaria.

Incorrect : Many peple in the past died from malaria.

Correct : Many people in the past died of malaria.

136. Kami sangat terkejut oleh pengunduran dirinya yang tiba-tiba.

Incorrect : We were astonished by this sudden resignation.

Correct : We were astonished at this sudden resignation.

137. Dia memegang tangan pacarnya.

Incorrect : He took his girlfriend in the hand.

Correct : He took his girlfriend by the hand.

138. Apa bedanya dua hal ini?

Incorrect : What is the difference of these two things?

Correct : What is the difference between these two things?

139. Jam berapa sekarag dijammu?

Incorrect : What is the time on your watch?

Correct : What is the time by your watch?

140. Lucy absen sejak hari senin?

Incorrect : Lucy has been absent from Monday?

Correct : Lucy has been absent since Monday?

141. Jawaban dari pertanyaan ini cukup rumit.

Incorrect : The answer of this questions is quite complicated.

Correct : The answer to this question is quite complicated.

142. Tidak ada seorangpun yang ditakdirkan menderita.

Incorrect : Nobody is bound to suffering

Correct : Nobody is bound to suffer.

143. Sebagian orang tidak terbiasa hidup dinegara yang panas.

Incorrect : Some people are not used to live in a hot country.

Correct : Some people are not used to living in a hot country.

144. Susan tidak mampu menyelesaikan tugasnya sendiri.

Incorrect : Susan is incapable to complete the task by herself.

Correct : Susan is incapable of completing the task by herself.

145. Tidak ada seorangpun yang bisa menghindar dari berbuat kesalahan.

Incorrect : Nobody can avoid to make mistakes.

Correct : Nobody can avoid making mistakes.

146. Dia berhasil mendapatkan hadiahnya.

Incorrect : He succeeded to get the prize.

Correct : He succeeded in getting the prize.

147. Para siswa sedang sibuk menyiapkan pelajarannya.

Incorrect : The students were busy to prepare their lessons.

Correct : The students were busy preparing ere busy preparing their lessons.

148. Tolong katakana padanya jangan datang sekarang.

Incorrect : Please tell him don't come now.

Correct : Please tell him not to come now.

149. Aku melihat mereka bekerja.

Incorrect : I saw them to work.

Correct : I saw them work.

150. Sebainya kau pergi sekarang.

Incorrect : You had better to go now.

Correct : You had better go now.

151. Negara ini adalah milik rakyat.

Incorrect : The country is belonged to every itizen.

Correct : The country belongs to every citizen.

Note: verb like belong, happen, uccur, etc. are not used in the passive voice.

152. Air terdiri dari hidrogen dan oksigen.

Incorrect : Water composes of hydrogen and oxygen.

Correct : Water is composed of hydrogen and oxygen.

153. St. Aisyah Sudirmam kelihatan gembira.

Incorrect : St. Aisyah sudirman looks cheerfully.

Correct : Aisyah looks cheerful.

154. Aku juga tidak melihat dia.

Incorrect : I didn't see him too.

Correct : I didn't see him either.

Note: in english, the adverbs also and to appear in affirmative sentences. The adverb either appears at the end of negative sentences.

155. Dia membeli gunting baru.

Incorrect : She bought a new scissors.

Correct : She bought a new pair of scissors.

156. Jendela kamarnya terbuka lebar.

Incorrect : His room's windows are open.

Correct : The windows of his room are open.

157. Adalah tugas setiap orang untuk membela negaranya.

Incorrect : It is everybody's duty to defend their country.

Correct : it is everybody's duty to defend his country.

Note: Namun demikian dalam speaking sering pula digunakan “their”

158.Salah satu dari mereka harus pergi.

Incorrect : Either of them are to go.

Correct : Either of them is to go.

159.Lebih banyak polisi dikiri ke TKP.

Incorrect : More police was sent to the scene of the crime.

Correct : More police were sent to the scene of the crime.

160.Mary berpura-pura tidak kenal aku.

Incorrect : Mary pretended to not recognize me.

Correct : Mary pretended not to recognize me.

161.Dia tidak bisa berbahasa inggris atau prancis.

Incorrect : She neither speaks English or French.

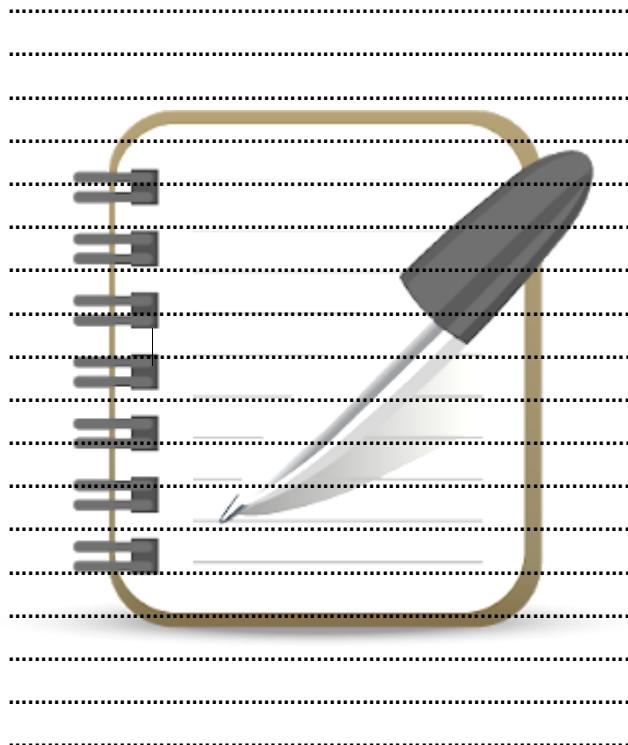
Correct : She speaks neither English nor French.

162.Di konser itu hanya ada aku dan temanku.

Incorrect : Only I and my friend were at the concert.

Correct : Only my friend and I were at the concert.

Write your note here



BAB 4

PLENTY TO SAY



Ya ampun!

- (my) god!
- My goodness!
- Good heaves!
- Lord!
- Holy lord!
- Holy cow! (kasar)
- Holy shit! (kasar)
- (holy) crist!
- Oh, boy!

Jangan coba-coba melakukanya.

- Don't try that.
- Don't (ever) try to do that.
- Don't even think about it.
- Don't push your luck.

Aku tidak butuh bantuan.

- ❖ I don't need any help.
- ❖ I can do it myself.
- ❖ I can handle it myself.
- ❖ I can manage it.

Aku bisa melakukannya sendiri, tak perlu membantuku.

- I can take care of it myself.
- I have no problem of doing it

Kamu benar skali!

- you're absolutely/ definitely right.

I'll say!

- You can say that again!
- You hit the nail on the head!

Biar aku yang urus.

- ❖ Let me take care of it.
- ❖ Let me handle it.
- ❖ (you) just leave it to me.

Example :

Jhon: Let me do that the rest.

(Percayakan saja urusan ini padaku).

Jeni : You do your part, then let me do the rest.

(Kerjakan tugasmu, kemudian biarkan saya mengerjakan sisanya).

Aku ingin memberitahumu sesuatu.

- ✓ There's something I want to tell you.
- ✓ I need to tell you something.
- ✓ I need to inform you something.
- ✓ There's something I want you to know.
- ✓ I've got something to tell you.

Kamu nyusahin saja!

- You give nothing but trouble.

Tidak ada yang bisa kamu lakukan selain menimbulkan masalah buatku.

- You always give me a hard time.
- *Kamu selalu merepotkan.*
- You always give trouble.
- You always put someone (else) in trouble.
- You always put your parent in trouble, don't you know that?
- You're a disaster to me.

Kalau kau ada disekitarku, aku pasti selalu sial.

Example : Sean: what did I do wrong?

Steve: don't you get it? things always go wrong when you're around me. You're a disaster to me!
You're a nightmare.

(Kau layaknya mimpi buruk yang menakutkan dan membuat orang jadi resah).

Aku ingin kamu memikirkannya baik-naik.

- ❖ Things are getting worse.
- ❖ Things are getting harder.
- ❖ Things are getting more difficult.
- ❖ Things are not getting any better.
- ❖ It's getting tough each day.

(Keadaan semakin susah dari hari kehari.)

Semua sudah diatur dari “sananya”

- It's from the territory.
- God works in mysterious ways.
(Tuhan bekerja dengan cara yang misterius, tak bisa diatur).
- It's in the book (of rule).
(Ini sudah aturan semua harus patuh, saya, kamu, tidak bisa apa-apa selain patuh.)

Example : Rey : what? I have to go through another medical test?

Employer: I'm sorry. It's in the book of rule.

- That's what the book said.
(Sama dengan entri sebelum ini).
- It's written in the manual book.
(Semua itu tertulis dalam buku petunjuk, saya, kamu, dan tidak bisa merubahnya).

Example : Dex : we have to run the meeting three times a week.

Ben : can't we just do it twice?

Dex : it's in the manual(book)

Waktu terus berjalan.

Time never stops.

The time keeps moving.

Time's ticking.

Time's running.

Cepat sekali waktu berlalu.

Example : Oh, How time flies! You're a big girl now.

Dia selalu berhasil.

- He never fails.
- He always gets what he wants.
- He doesn't know how to fail.
- He always succeeds.
- He can always manage things very well.
- There's nothing he could not handle.

Kamu sudah keterlaluan.

- ✓ You're too much.
- ✓ You've gone too far.
(Kamu telah melangkah terlalu jauh, kelewatan batas).
- ✓ You've stepped out of line.
(Kamu sudah melewati batas, melanggar apa yang seharusnya)
- ✓ You've crossed the line.

Kenapa aku selalu keliru?

- Why do I keep making mistakes?
- Why do I always make mistake?
- How come I never do things right?
- Why do I keep doing things wrong?

Jangan paksa aku melakukanya.

- Don't push me.
- Don't force me.
- Don't make me do this.

- You don't wanna make me do that.
(Mengandung peringatan, jika tetap melakukan kehendaknya, si lawan bicara akan menyesal karena telah memaksa).
Example : Aldhy : come on! Fight me!
Icha : oh, you don't wanna make me do that.

Aku tak akan menyerah.

- ❖ I won't give up.
- ❖ I would never think of giving up.
- ❖ The last think I would do is to give up.
- ❖ I won't surrender.
- ❖ I'll keep in fighting.
- ❖ I'll never say die.

Bodohnya aku.

- Stupid me!
- Silly me!
- Me and my stupid brain!
- How could I be so stupid?

Aku nggak akan melakukan hal itu lagi.

- I won't do this anymore!
- I'm not gonna do this anymore!
- There's no way I would do this again!
- This will be the last time I'm doing it!
- You'll never see me do this again!

Aku tahu siapa kamu.

- I know how you really are.

- I know the real you.
- I know everything about you.
- I know every little thing about you.
- There's nothing I don't know about you.

Aku tidak lagi bisa kukatakan.

- ✓ I have nothing more to say.
- ✓ There's nothing more I can say.
- ✓ That's all I can say.
- ✓ I've told you eberything.

Aku bantu kamu dan kamu bantu aku.

- I'll help you and you help me.
- I'll scratch your back and I'll scratch yours.
- We'll help each other.

Jangan pura-pura lagi!

- stop pretending!
- Don't pretend you don't know about anything.
- Don't pretend you don't know about a thing.
- Don't pretend you're innocent.
- Bisa juga don't give me that innocent look!
- Look, I really don't know about this issue at all.
- Come on, don't give me that innocent look! I know you're involved.
- Don't be hypocrite!
- Stop acting like an idiot.

- Stop acting stupid!

Example: Aisyah : I relly don't know what you're talking about.

Aldhy : stop acting stupid!

Tak ada salahnya melakukan hal itu.

- ✓ There's nothing wrong with it.
- ✓ It's no harm.

Example: Haslinda : you're buying another book again?

Sudirman : it's no harm anyway. It won't hurt (someone)

Bob : do you think I should apply for the job?

Diane : just try it, it won't hurt you, anyway.
I don't see anything harm.

Ichas : why would you cooperate with him?

Aldhy : well, I don't see anything harm.

Ingat-ingat perkataanku.

- Don't forget what I said!
- Don't forget bisa diganti dengan "remember"
- Don't forget what I told you!
- Keep that in (one's) mind.
- Now, it's about your future, you can't play around with it. Keep that in your mind.

Example: Sue : remember, there's going to be storm tonight.
You have to go home earlier.

Dan : O. k. I'll keep that mind. Mark my word.

Apa untungnya buatku?

- ❖ What do I get?
- ❖ What will I get?
- ❖ What's the advantage for me?
- ❖ What's the good thing for me?
- ❖ Will it give me something good/advantage?
- ❖ What's in it for me?

Aku gak bisa menahan diri lagi.

-  I lose my temper.(*marah*)
-  I lose myself.
-  I can't control myself.
-  I lose control of myself.
-  I (just) couldn't hold it.

Aku akan terus berusaha.

- I'll keep on trying.
- I'll keep on moving on.
- I'll never stop trying.
- I won't stop here.
- I won't quit here.

Aku akan berusaha menemukan jalan keluarnya.

- I'll (try) to find a way out.
- I'll (try) to find a solution.
- I'll think of something.
- I'll get out of this (situation,trouble)
- I'll get out of here.
- I'll try to figure it out.

Tak ada yang bisa kulakukan.

- ✓ I can do nothing about it.
- ✓ (there's) nothing I can do about it.
- ✓ I can't make it right.
- ✓ It's out of my hand.
- ✓ My hands are tied.
- ✓ I'm helpless.

Ah, biasa saja!

- That's something usual.
- There's nothing special about it. *Bisa juga hanya di ucapkan* “nothing special”
- It's just a simple thing.

Kenapa terburu-buru?

- What's your hurry?
- What's the rush?
- Where's the fire?

Aku sedang terburu-buru.

- I'm in hurry.
- I'm racing against the time.
- I'm running against the clock.
- I can't stay along.
- I have to rush.
- I can't take my time here.

Aku tak punya banyak waktu.

- ❖ I don't have much time.
- ❖ I have only a little time.
- ❖ I have a very limited time.
- ❖ I'm running out of time.

Example : Clint : the boss want to get the job done today.
Jonson : would you give a hand?. I'm running out of time.

- ❖ I have no time to waste.

Example : Alex : listen, I need to talk to you.
Hunt : O.K. but you better say it quick. The train's leaving at 7, I have no time to waste.

- ❖ I don't have all day.

Example : Don : wait! I left keys inside!
Bob : make it quick! I don't have all day.
Time's pressing.

Aku hanyalah orang biasa saja.

- ❖ I'm nobody (special)
- ❖ I'm nothing.
- ❖ I'm just a man.
- ❖ I'm like any other man.
- ❖ I'm just an ordinary man.

Ini bukan masalah sepele.

- It's not a small thing.
- You can't say it's no big deal.
- It's a big (major) problem.
- We're not talking about games.

- it's a matter of life and death.

Jangan sepelekan masalah ini.

- you have to take it seriously.
- This is gonna need a lot of work.
- You can't look down on this problem.
- Don't think you can dandle it easily.
- You can take it as a small thing.

Saya akan langsung ke inti masalah.

- I'll go straight to the point.
- I'll get to the point.
- I'll make the long story short.
- I'll cut to the chase.
- I'll get down o business.
- I won't do much formality.

kamu pantas mendapatkannya.

- You earn it.
- You deserve it.
- It serves you right.
- You get what you deserve.
- That'll teach you something.

Jangan cari-cari masalah.

- Don't look for trouble.
- Don't get yourself in trouble.
- Stay away from trouble.
- Don't try to screw up (S)

- Keep your nose clean.
- Dalam arti menjauhi masalah dari hukum.
- Play it safe.
- Don'y play with fire.

Jangan campuri urusanku.

- Stay out of it/ stay out of my business.
- Stay away from my business.
- Keep your nose out of my business.
- Det off my back.
- Get yourself away from what I'm doing.

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

Akbar, Puthut Susilo. Silly Talky, Yogyakarta: Modya Karya

Thorne, Tony. (2007) Dictionary of Contemporary Slang, London: Graphy Cems

Wima, IDN Times, <https://www.idntimes.com/life/education/pinkawisma/kata-bahasa-inggris-yang-masih-sering-salah-penggunaan>